

## ABSTRACT

Criminal law in Indonesia is divided into 2 (two), namely general criminal law and special criminal law. Definitively, general criminal law can be interpreted as criminal legislation and can be applied generally, which is stated in the Criminal Code (KUHP) and all legislation that changes and adds to the KUHP.

Special criminal law can be defined as legislation in a specific field that carries criminal sanctions, or criminal acts regulated by special legislation outside the Criminal Code, whether criminal or non-criminal legislation but which carries criminal sanctions (provisions that deviate from the Criminal Code). Discussing criminal law, the sentencing process is very clear. After receiving a final decision from the court, the defendant will then undergo legal action as a prisoner in a correctional institution.

Punishment through the correctional system is an effort or series of law enforcement efforts aimed at ensuring that prisoners realize their mistakes, improve themselves, and refrain from repeating criminal acts. Correctional institutions, as the spearhead of the implementation of the principle of protection, are a place to achieve these goals through education, rehabilitation, and reintegration.

While a prisoner is deprived of liberty, there are policies that allow them to exercise their rights, albeit with certain limitations. These human rights can be found in several articles contained in Law Number 22 of 2022 concerning Corrections.

In this study, the author chose the title: STUDY OF LEGAL PROTECTION OF PRISONERS' RIGHTS BASED ON LAW NUMBER 22 OF 2022 CONCERNING COMMUNITY IN CLASS I DETENTION CENTER OF CIREBON CITY. The formulation of the problem in the form of problem identification in this study, is: How is the application of legal protection of prisoners' rights in Class I Detention Center of Cirebon City related to Law Number 22 of 2022 concerning Corrections; What are the inhibiting factors in the application of prisoners' rights in Class I Detention Center of Cirebon City. The research method used is normative juridical.