

ABSTRACT

In the judicial system, oaths play a crucial role as a guarantee of the truth of the testimony presented. Before giving testimony, a witness must first swear an oath. Perjury is the act of providing false testimony under oath before an authorized official. This false testimony can be either a verbal or written statement intentionally made to be inconsistent with the facts.

Successful law enforcement is accompanied by public awareness of the need to comply with all applicable legal regulations. Law enforcement itself is defined as an effort to realize the values of justice, legal certainty, and social benefit. Therefore, law enforcement is essentially the embodiment of ideas.

Criminal acts are divided into two categories: felonies and violations. Crimes are listed in Book II of the Criminal Code, while violations are listed in Book III. In this case, giving false testimony in court is one of the crimes listed in Book II on Crimes, Chapter IX of the Criminal Code, under the headings "Perjury" and "False Statement" in Article 242 of the Criminal Code.

In this legal scientific research in the form of a proposal, the author will conduct research by choosing the title: JURIDICAL ANALYSIS OF THE CRIMINAL ACTS OF PERJURY AND PARTICIPATING IN GIVING FALSE STATEMENTS UNDER OATH IN CONNECTION WITH DECISION NUMBER 349/Pid.B/2013/PN.Sbr AND NUMBER 350/Pid.B/2013/PN.Sbr in conjunction with NUMBER 181/PID/2014/PT.BDG AND NUMBER 182/PID2014/PT.BDG in conjunction with DECISION NUMBER 1638 K/PID/2014 AND NUMBER 1672 K/PID/2014. The formulation of the problem in the form of problem identification is: How is the application of Article 242 of the Criminal Code to the criminal act of perjury and participating in giving false statements under oath; How the judge's decision complies with applicable legal provisions. The research method used is normative juridical